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Corporate Governance Report

Last Update: October 27, 2023

RAKSUL INC. Yo Nagami

Representative Director, President and CEO

Securities code: 4384

https://corp.raksul.com/en/

The corporate governance of RAKSUL INC. (the "Company") is described below.

I. Basic Policy on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Attributes, and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Policy

Based on the Company's corporate vision "Better Systems, Better World", the Company recognizes the strengthening of its corporate governance system as a high-priority issue, and the Company is working to strengthen and enhance the system in order to meet the responsibilities and expectations of the Company's stakeholders as a public entity of society and to realize sustainable growth and increase corporate value over the medium to long term.

The Company emphasizes the following in its corporate governance system:

- To ensure management decision-making and execution is conducted based on the corporate vision, and to establish a management decision-making body that leads such decision-making and execution. Management decision-making should be made as a public entity of society, taking corporate ethics and morals into account.
- To build a corporate governance system that is not of formality, but one that functions in a practical matter. The Company will continue to develop a current-future-oriented corporate governance system by evaluating the overall system regularly, reviewing as needed in accordance with the situation of the Company, and making improvements to continue functioning as a viable system.
- Fulfilling the Company's responsibilities not only to shareholders and employees, but also to the stakeholders (customers, suppliers, industry participants, etc.) of each industry in which the Company is engaged in.

[Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] [Updated]

[Applicable Code]

The Company has implemented all of the principles stipulated in the Corporate Governance Code.

[Disclosure based on Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] [Updated]

[Principle 1-4. Cross shareholdings]

(Policy Regarding Cross shareholdings and Verification Regarding Appropriateness of Holdings)

The Company's policy is to invest in cross shareholdings only when it can contribute to the enhancement of the value of its BtoB sharing platform and in the medium to long term contribute to the enhancement of its corporate value. The Company periodically conducts verification on individual stocks.

Specifically, as of the end of each fiscal year, for securities held for purposes other than pure investment, the Company makes a list of the amount held based on the market value as at the end of the fiscal year, acquisition price, number of shares held, percentage of shares held, status after acquisition, etc., and classifies the purpose of holding the securities into the following three categories based on the Company's most recent business policies; "Expansion of the Company's business domain," "Strengthening relationships with the Company's business partners," and "Research and learning towards development of new business domains". The Board of Directors decides on the future holding policies for each individual stock based on the above and passes the Board of Directors resolution.

In the verification at the end of the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, the Company decided to sell some of the stocks held for the purpose of strengthening relationships with partners over the long-term, given that the need to hold these stocks has decreased considering the Company's business progress.

(Standards for Ensuring Exercise of Voting Rights of Cross shareholdings)

The Company will determine the exercise of voting rights with respect to Cross shareholdings after careful examination of the suitability with its objectives, assuming that a sound management governance system is secured by the issuer.

[Principle 1-7. Related Party Transactions]

The Company prepares a list of related parties of the Company as well as all officers in order to ascertain whether or not there are any related party transactions. The Corporate Administration Division is in charge and has established a system for confirming whether there are related party transactions before the commencement of transactions. The list will be updated at the end of each fiscal year.

[Supplementary Principle 2-4-1. Ensuring Diversity in the Promotion to Core Human Resources etc.] (Approach to Ensuring Diversity)

The Company recognizes human resources as one of the key management issues in realizing continuous business growth and creation of diverse value and intends to maximize the value of its human capital to increase its corporate value over the medium to long term.

(Voluntary and Measurable Goals for Ensuring Diversity and the Status)

In order to proactively engage in promoting diversity, the Company has set a target for the "ratio of female managers" and discloses the progress on its website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/).

As for the ratio of foreign nationals and the ratio of foreign nationals in management positions, the Company has been proactively hiring local human resources in its overseas development offices in addition to discussing its approach, goals, and measurable targets as an organization including foreign-national employees in Japan.

Regarding the ratio of mid-career recruitment and the ratio of managers, the Company has not set specific targets as the Company recognizes that the ratio is already at a sufficient level, given the fact that the Company has been hiring and promoting diverse human resources since its foundation.

(Human Resource Development Policy and Internal Environment Improvement Policy to Ensure Diversity and the Status)

The policy for human resource development and improvement of internal environment to resolve above issues and the status of the implementation are disclosed on the Company's website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/).

[Principle 2-6. Roles of Corporate Pension Funds as Asset Owners] The Company has not adopted a corporate pension plan.

[Principle 3-1. Full disclosure]

(i) Company objectives (e.g., business principles), business strategies, and business plans

Based on the Company's corporate vision "Better Systems, Better World", the Company aims to redesign the structure and value chain of conventional industries with the help of the Internet.

Specifically, the Company's core management strategies are to create value by promoting digitization, maximizing added value to customers and suppliers through its BtoB sharing platform businesses, printing EC services "Raksul" and advertising services "Novasell".

(ii) Basic policies and guidelines on corporate governance based on the respective principles of the Corporate Governance Code

Please refer to "I.1. Basic Policy" of this report.

(iii) Basic policies and procedures regarding remuneration for directors
Remuneration for directors is described in the [Remuneration for Directors] "Disclosure of Policy for Determining the Remuneration Amount or the Calculation Method" below.

(iv) Policies and procedures by which the Board of Directors is responsible for the selection and dismissal of senior management and the nomination of candidates for directorships

In the election and dismissal of directors, the Company emphasizes that they have a deep understanding of the Company's management vision and corporate culture, that they possess awareness and integrity of being a public entity of society, that they are calm and have enough time to spare to make sufficient contributions to the Company's decision-making and governance, and that they also possess a high level of expertise in each field, regardless of gender, age, or nationality.

The Nomination Committee, which is a voluntary committee, first formulates drafts on candidates based on the aforementioned criteria, and after discussion and approval by the Board of Directors, the candidates are elected at the General Meeting of Shareholders. In addition, directors who are members on the Audit & Supervisory Committee receive the consent of the Audit & Supervisory Committee before they are presented to the Board of Directors.

(v) Explanation of individual elections, dismissals, and nominations when the Board of Directors elects/dismisses executives and nominates director candidates based on (iv) above Reasons for electing directors are described individually in the Notice of Convocation of General Meeting of Shareholders at the time of election.

[Principle 3-1-3. Initiatives on sustainability, investments in human capital and intellectual properties] (Initiatives on Sustainability)

Since its foundation, based on the vision of "BETTER SYSTEMS, BETTER WORLD," the Company has believed that its business activities themselves will contribute to the realization of a sustainable society. The Company has been working towards the realization of sustainability in the belief that facing social challenges and transforming social structures together with its stakeholders will lead to a better society, which in turn will lead to its own sustainable growth and increase in medium to long term corporate value. In order to promote sustainability initiatives, the Company has established Sustainability Committee chaired by the Representative Director and President to develop policies and concepts on sustainability, build a sustainability promotion structure, and monitor the status of the initiatives. Particularly important matters, amongst policies and issues discussed and deliberated at the Sustainability Committee, are reported to the Board of Directors for decision making.

The Company's approach, policies, and specific initiatives on sustainability are disclosed on its website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/) and its Integrated Report (https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/library/integratedreport/).

(Investments in Human Capital, Intellectual Properties, etc.)

The Company has identified "Rebuilding conventional industries with IT", "Diversity & inclusion" and "Future leadership development & appropriate reward to employees" as materiality issues to be prioritized in its sustainability and ESG management described above. In this context, the Company is promoting measures to invest in human capital and intellectual properties.

(Impact of Climate Change-Related Risks and Opportunities on the Company's Business Activities and Profits etc.)

The Company recognizes climate change as one of the key management issues in increasing its medium to long term corporate value as well as in realizing a sustainable society, and is committed to achieving a balance between reducing environmental impact and increasing corporate value. The Company discloses its approach, policies, and initiatives on environmental and climate change on its website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/) and its Integrated Report (https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/library/integratedreport/).

In April 2021, the Company announced its endorsement of the TCFD recommendations, and since 2022, the Comany has been conducting scenario analysis based on the TCFD recommendations for

business areas where "risks" and "opportunities" related to climate change are expected to have a greater impact on its business activities, business strategies, and financial plans. Please refer to its website for more information on how the Company is responding to the TCFD recommendations (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/environment/tcfd).

[Supplementary Principle 4-1-1. Scope and Content of the Matters Delegated to the Management] In October 2019, the Company amended the Articles of Incorporation of the Company when the Company transitioned to a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee to allow the Board of Directors to delegate all or part of decisions on important business matters to be resolved by the Board of Directors. The Company introduced a governance framework that allows the delegation of authority to the CEO and the SVP Meeting and other such meetings and voluntary committees from the fiscal year ended July 2021 in order to achieve both flexible decision-making by executive members and companywide optimization from a medium to long term business portfolio perspective. In accordance with the above, the Company delegates the right from the Board of Directors on decisions related to execution, such as the use of budgets and the appointment of responsible personnel.

[Supplementary Principle 4-1-3. Succession Plan]

In order to achieve sustainable growth through BtoB platforms that innovate a number of industries, the Company emphasizes the establishment of management systems including the CEO and the development of management personnel that lead the next generation. The Board of Directors and voluntary committees continuously review and verify governance structures and delegation of authority to promote such development.

[Principle 4-9. Independence Standards and Qualifications for Independent Outside Directors] In order to ensure the independence of persons who become outside directors and to establish a sound corporate governance system, the Company has set standards for the independence of outside directors and have disclosed them on its website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/governance/).

[Supplementary Principle 4-10-1. Policy, Mandates, and Roles Regarding Independence of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee]

The Company has established a voluntary Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee under the Board of Directors, whose main members are independent outside directors. The policy, mandates, and roles of independence in the composition of each committee are as described in "2. Matters Related to the Functions of Business Execution, Auditing and Supervision, Nomination, and Remuneration Decisions (Outline of the Current Corporate Governance System)" below.

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-1. Preconditions for Securing the Effectiveness of the Board of Directors]

The Company has positioned the Board of Directors as a decision-making body for achieving discontinuous growth while taking risks in a diversified and sound manner based on its corporate vision. Accordingly, to ensure diversity of the Board of Directors, age, field of expertise, skills, backgrounds, etc. are taken into consideration. Furthermore, the Company has developed a proposal for the selection of the Board of Directors by utilizing the skill matrix after examination by the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, which are voluntary committees, and the details are disclosed in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-2. Status of Concurrent Positions Held by Officers]

The status of concurrent officer positions at other listed companies is described in the Notice of Convocation of General Meetings of Shareholders and the Annual Securities Report, etc.

[Supplementary Principle 4-11-3. Evaluation of the Effectiveness of the Board of Directors]

The Company reviews the overall operation of the Board of Directors at least once a year at the meeting of the Board of Directors. The following is a summary of the evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors conducted in the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023.

The evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors is based on non-anonymous responses of questionnaires from each director, and the Company provided feedback on the results to the Board of Directors. For the main items of the questionnaire, "Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors", "Size and Structure of the Board of Directors", "Deliberations and Operations at the Board

of Directors" and "Organizational Design and Operations at the Board of Directors", many rated the Board of Directors as generally adequate, and Company has determined that the effectiveness of the Board of Directors is ensured. In particular, the evaluation showed significant improvement in the "proper separation of supervision and execution," which was an issue in the previous fiscal year, and the Board of Directors and voluntary committees (Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee, etc.) are working together to ensure an efficient and highly viable system. On the other hand, while cooperation with the voluntary committees has strengthened, there is room for improvement in the volume and depth of discussions at the Board of Directors on the implementation and verification of management strategies. Based on these analyses, the Company will promote initiatives to further enhance the effectiveness of the system.

[Supplementary Principle 4-14-2. Training Policy for Directors]

In order for the Company's directors to fully fulfill their roles and responsibilities, the Company's basic policy is for each individual to acquire the necessary knowledge at their own discretion. However, as deemed appropriate, the Company also provide training opportunities that contribute to its sustainable growth and increase of corporate value, such as corporate governance, internal control, and compliance. Specifically, the Company invite outside lecturers to hold discussions towards further understanding of the Company's stakeholders' perspectives. The Company also provides information on its businesses and operations to newly appointed directors.

[Principle 5-1. Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders]

The Company believes that the Company's shareholders and investors are important stakeholders and that we are partners in enhancing the Company's corporate value. Based on this understanding, we have established the following policies to promote constructive dialogue.

- (i) Appointment of directors and executives to conduct constructive dialogue with shareholders
- The Company promotes IR under the supervision of Representative Director
- (ii) Measures for communication within the internal division to assist such dialogue
- Led by the department in charge of IR, the Company has established a system for disclosing and providing information needed by shareholders and investors and is striving to ensure that a fulfilling dialogue takes place.
- (iii) Efforts to enhance the methods of dialogue other than individual interviews
- The Company endeavors to enhance the provision of information by regularly holding financial results briefings and posting financial results briefing materials on its website.
- (iv) Appropriate and effective feedback to senior management and the Board of Directors regarding shareholder opinions and concerns identified through dialogue
- Details of dialogue with shareholders are recorded and kept by the officers and persons in charge of IR activities and are shared with the Board of Directors and senior management as appropriate depending on the content.
- (v) Measures for managing insider information in dialogue
- The Company has established internal regulations on the management of insider information. The Company restricts information distribution and conducts training for executives and employees.

In addition, to prevent leakage of financial information and to ensure the fairness of information disclosure, the Company has set a silent period and refrain from answering questions or commenting on the financial results and performance outlook during the relevant period.

[Measures towards Realizing Management Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price]

Regarding TSR (Total Shareholder Return), the Company is focused on providing shareholder returns through long-term stock price appreciation. To this end, the Company believes it is important to maximize operating cash flow and gross profit, the source of operating cash flow, and has developed management strategies and business plans based on its medium-term financial policy of "Quality Growth (growth with profit and cash flow). As a medium-term target, the focus is on sustained growth of 30% CAGR (compound annual growth rate) in consolidated gross profit for the period FY2021 - FY2025. The Company is also conscious of capital efficiency and has set a medium-term goal of achieving at least 20% in either ROE (return on equity) or ROIC (return on invested capital) and is pursuing both business portfolio building and capital efficiency improvement through disciplined BS management. Specifically, ROE for FY2023 was 12.7% and it is continuously improving the medium-term target of 20%. There is no plan for paying dividends to shareholders in the short term, however, the Company will actively consider doing so along with stable profit growth. Specific initiatives for the current fiscal

year include continued investment in growth through continuous M&A and some capital investment, utilizing cash acquired through business activities and other means, while focusing on sustained growth of gross profit more than 20% and expansion of EBITDA. The details are disclosed in "Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ending July 31, 2023."

https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/4384/ir_material_for_fiscal_ym3/141632/00.pdf

[Status of Dialogue etc. with Shareholders]

The Company actively meets with domestic and foreign institutional investors to the extent reasonably possible. Furthermore, the Company actively provides information through its IR website, integrated reports, financial results briefing materials (including script format), and notices of convocation of general meetings of shareholders. Opinions and requests mentioned in the dialogue with shareholders are reported to the Board of Directors, along with the contents of dialogue with other stakeholders.

Activities in FY2023

- (i) Financial Results Briefing: 4 times
- (ii) Meetings with institutional investors, analysts, and others (including those from overseas)
 - Domestic institutional investors: 99 meetingsForeign institutional investors: 107 meetings
 - Securities company analysts: 24 meetings
 - Others:7 meetings

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio	30% or more
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[Status of Major Shareholders] [Updated]

Name / Company Name	Number of Shares	Percentage (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	10,104,300	17.36
Yasukane Matsumoto	7,569,900	13.00
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	3,603,700	6.19
MSIP CLIENT SECURITIES	3,252,943	5.59
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY	1,880,000	3.23
505303		
GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	1,580,300	2.71
MLI FOR CLIENT GENERAL OMNI NON	1,437,400	2.47
COLLATERAL NON TREATY-PB		
THE BANK OF NEW YORK 133652	1,364,200	2.34
THE BANK OF NEW YORK 133612	1,198,800	2.06
KIA FUND F149	1,033,200	1.77

Controlling Shareholder (Excluding Parent Company)	-
Parent Company	None

Supplementary Explanation [Updated]

- 1. The above Foreign Shareholding Ratio and Status of Major Shareholders section are all information as of July 31, 2023.
- 2. In the Large Shareholding Report (Revision Report) jointly submitted on March 6, 2023 by Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management Co., Ltd. and one co-holder, it is stated that this company and its co-holder hold 4,721,000 shares (shareholding ratio: 8.23%) as of February 28, 2023. However, this cannot be confirmed on the shareholder registry as of the end of the current fiscal year, therefore is not included in the above list of major shareholders.
- 3. In the Large Shareholding Report (Revision Report) jointly submitted on May 15, 2023 by Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc. and 3 co-holders, it is stated that this company and its co-holders hold 3,022,000 shares (shareholding ratio: 6.22%) as of May 8, 2023. However, this cannot be

confirmed on the shareholder registry as of the end of the current fiscal year, therefore is not included in the above list of major shareholders.

- 4. In the Large Shareholding Report (Revision Report) jointly submitted on June 20, 2023 by Baillie Gifford & Co and one co-holder, it is stated that this company and its co-holder hold 4,916,000 shares (shareholding ratio: 8.41%) as of June 15, 2023. However, this cannot be confirmed on the shareholder registry as of the end of the current fiscal year, therefore is not included in the above list of major shareholders.
- 5. In the Large Shareholding Report (Revision Report) jointly submitted on July 6, 2023 by Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. and one co-holder, it is stated that this company and its co-holder hold 3,723,000 shares (shareholding ratio: 6.37%) as of June 30, 2023. However, this cannot be confirmed on the shareholder registry as of the end of the current fiscal year, therefore is not included in the above list of major shareholders.
- 6. In the Large Shareholding Report (Revision Report) jointly submitted on July 7, 2023 by Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. and 2 co-holders, it is stated that this company and its co-holders hold 4,065,000 shares (shareholding ratio: 6.73%) as of June 30, 2023. However, this cannot be confirmed on the shareholder registry as of the end of the current fiscal year, therefore is not included in the above list of major shareholders.
- 7. In the Large Shareholding Report (Revision Report) submitted on July 10, 2023 by Coupland Cardiff Asset Management LLP, it is stated that this company holds 3,984,000 shares (shareholding ratio: 6.81%) as of July 5, 2023. However, this cannot be confirmed on the shareholder registry as of the end of the current fiscal year, therefore is not included in the above list of major shareholders.

 8. In the Large Shareholding Report (Revision Report) submitted on July 24, 2023 by FIL Investments (Japan) Limited, it is stated that this company holds 4,630,000 shares (shareholding ratio: 7.92%) as of July 14, 2023. However, this cannot be confirmed on the shareholder registry as of the end of the current fiscal year, therefore is not included in the above list of major shareholders.
- 9. The shareholding ratio is calculated by deducting treasury shares (264,312 shares) from the total number of shares outstanding and rounded off to two decimal places.

3. Corporate Attributes

Listed Stock Exchange and Market Classification	Tokyo Stock Exchange / Prime
Fiscal Year End	July
Industry	Information and communication industry
Number of (Consolidated) Employees as of the End of the Most Recent Fiscal Year	100 or more but less than 500
(Consolidated) Net Sales as of the End of the Most Recent Fiscal Year	JPY10 bn or more but less than JPY100 bn
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the End of the Most Recent Fiscal Year	Less than 10

4.	$Policy\ on\ Measures\ to\ Protect\ Minority\ Shareholders\ in\ Transactions\ with\ Controlling\ Shareholders$
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5.	Other Special Circumstances that may have Material Impact on Corporate Governance
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II. Status of Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems Related to Management Decision-making, Execution and Supervision

1. Matters Related to Organizational Structure and Operation

Form of Organization	Company with Audit & Supervisory Committee

[Directors]

Number of Directors under the Articles of Incorporation	14
Term of office of directors as stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation	1 Year
Chairperson of the Board of Directors	CEO
Number of Directors	8
Status of Appointment of Outside Directors	Appointed
Number of Outside Directors	6
Number of Outside Directors Designated as Independent Directors	6

Relationship with the Company (1)

Name	Attribute		Relationship with the Company (*)									
Name	Attribute	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
Yoshihiko Miyauchi	From another company											
Kenji Kobayashi	From another company											
Yumiko Murakami	From another company											
Naomi Mori	Certified Public Accountant											
Masahiro Kotosaka	Academic											
Junko Utsunomiya	Lawyer											

^{*} Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

- a. Executive officer of a listed company or its subsidiary
- b. Executive officer or non-executive director of a listed company's parent company
- c. Executive officer of a fellow subsidiary of a listed company
- d. A person whose major client or supplier is a listed company or is an executive officer thereof
- e. A person who is a major client or supplier of a listed company or an executive officer thereof
- f. Consultant, accounting or legal professional who receives a large amount of money or other property benefit other than officer's remuneration
- g. A major shareholder of a listed company (if the relevant major shareholder is a legal entity, an executive officer of said legal entity)
- h. An executive officer of a client or supplier (not corresponding to d, e or f) of a listed company (himself/herself only)
- i. An executive of a company with which outside officers are mutually appointed (himself/herself only)
- j. An executive of a company that receives donations from a listed company (himself/herself only)
- k. Other

^{* &}quot; \circ " when the director presently falls under or has recently fallen under the category, " \triangle " when the director fell under the category in the past.

^{* &}quot;•" when a close relative of the director presently falls under or has recently fallen under the category, "A" when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past.

Relationship with the Company (2) [Updated]

Name	Audit & Supervisor y Committee Member	Independent Director	Supplementary Explanation of Relationship with the Company	Reason for Appointment
Yoshihiko Miyauchi		0	-	Mr. Yoshihiko Miyauchi can be expected to provide advice on the Company's overall management based on his wealth of experience and a wide range of knowledge and insight as a corporate manager gained through his career of serving as a representative director of a listed company. Accordingly, the Company judges that he is qualified to make decisions regarding important management matters and supervise business execution, and proposes his election as an Outside Director. He is expected to continue to share opinions from a broader perspective on the Company's overall corporate governance system, which we will evolve and improve in the future. He owns 5,960 shares of the Company's stock, but there are no other personal, capital, business relationships or other interests between himself and the Company.
Kenji Kobayashi		0	-	Mr. Kenji Kobayashi can be expected to provide advice on the Company's overall management based on his wealth of experience and a wide range of knowledge and insight as corporate manager gained through his career of serving as manager at a listed company. Accordingly, the Company judges that he is qualified to make decisions regarding important management matters and supervise business execution, and proposes his election as an Outside Director. He is expected to continue to strengthen the Company's governance system from both offense and defense perspectives in portfolio management as a listed company. He owns 7,280 shares of the Company's stock, but there are no personal, capital, business or other interests between himself and the Company.

Yumiko Murakami		0	-	Ms. Yumiko Murakami can be expected to provide advice on the Company's overall management based on her wealth of experience and a wide range of knowledge and insight at international organizations and global companies. Accordingly, the Company judges that she is qualified to make decisions regarding important management matters and supervise business execution, and proposes her election as an Outside Director. She is expected to contribute to the Company's management with respect to the globalization of the Company's organization, the perspective as an investor towards portfolio management, and the promotion of diversity which is a precondition for sustainable growth. She owns 3,320 shares of the Company's stock, but there are no personal, capital, business or other interests between himself and the Company.
Naomi Mori	0	0	_	Ms. Naomi Mori is a certified public accountant who has expertise in finance and accounting as well as wealth of experience in auditing. The Company thus expects that she will reinforce the Company's governance system by leveraging such expertise and experience to audit and supervise the Company's overall management, and has appointed her as an Outside Director. Based on her insights in finance, accounting, auditing, etc., she is expected to continue her contribution in the Company's governance towards establishing a responsible management foundation as a public institution of society. She owns 21,440 shares of the Company's stock, but there are no other personal, capital, business relationships or other interests between herself and the Company.
Masahiro Kotosaka	0	0	-	Mr. Masahiro Kotosaka has wealth of experience in corporate management and consulting as well as professional knowledge and insight in business administration. The Company thus expects that he will contribute to reinforce the Company's governance system by monitoring and providing effective advice on the Company's overall management based on such experience, knowledge and insight, and has appointed him as an Outside Director. Based on his insights in management strategy and academic

			research, etc., he is expected to continue
			his contribution in the Company's
			governance towards establishing a
			responsible management foundation as
			a public institution of society. He owns
			1,440 shares of the Company's stock,
			but there are no other personal, capital,
			business relationships or other interests
			between himself and the Company.
			Ms. Junko Utsunomiya has
			considerable expertise and broad insight
			as an attorney-at-law and is an expert in
			corporate law. The Company thus
			expects that she will reinforce the
			Company's governance system by
			providing appropriate advice and
			suggestions regarding overall
			management, and has appointed her as
Junko			an Outside Director. Based on her
Utsunomiya		-	insights in legal and compliance
			matters, etc., she is expected to continue
			her contribution in the Company's
			governance towards establishing a
			responsible management foundation as
			a public institution of society. She owns
			1,440 shares of the Company's stock,
			but there are no other personal, capital,
			business relationships or other interests
			between herself and the Company.

[Audit & Supervisory Committee]

Composition of the Committee and Attributes of the Chairman

	All members	Full-time Members	Internal directors	Outside Directors	Chairperson
Audit & Supervisory Committee	3	0	0	3	Outside Director

Directors and Employees that Assist	
the Duties of the Audit & Supervisory	None
Committee	Tone

Reasons for Adopting the Current System

Considering the scale of the Company's business and organization, the Company do not have any independent directors or employees.

Cooperation among the Audit & Supervisory Committee, Accounting Auditor, and the Internal Audit Division

The Audit & Supervisory Committee regularly exchanges opinions with the accounting auditor and receives explanations from the accounting auditor of the audit plan and the results of audits on quarterly and full-year financial results. In addition, the Audit & Supervisory Committee exchanges opinions whenever concerns arise regarding individual audits. In addition, information is regularly exchanged with the Internal Audit Division on development/establishment of the internal control system and risk assessments.

[Voluntary Committees]

Existence of Voluntary Committees	
equivalent to Nomination Committee	

or Remuneration Committee

Establishment of Voluntary Committees, Members, and Attributes of the Chairperson [Updated]

	Title of the committee	All members	Full-time members	Internal directors	Outside Directors	Outside experts	Others	Chair- person
Voluntary Committee equivalent to Nominating Committee	Nomination Committee	4	0	1	3	0	0	Internal director
Voluntary Committee equivalent to Remuneration Committee	Remuneration Committee	5	0	2	3	0	0	Outside director

Supplementary Explanation [Updated]

The Nominating and Remuneration Committee is composed of a majority of independent outside directors and is primarily responsible for the appointment of directors and the formulation of remuneration, as described in [Remuneration for Directors] above.

[Independent Officers]

Number of Independent Officers	6
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Other Matters Related to Independent Officers

All persons who qualify as independent directors are designated as independent directors. In addition, the Company has established independence standards for outside directors based on the law and concept of the independent officer stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The Company has formulated the "criteria for determining the independence of outside directors" (https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/governance/) and judges the independence of outside directors in accordance with these standards.

[Incentives]

561141 + 65]			
Implementation Status of Initiatives regarding Incentives for Directors	Implementation of stock option plans, etc.		

Supplementary Explanation [Updated]

The Company has introduced a stock option plan with the aim of enhancing motivation and morale towards improving business performance and enhancing equity value over the medium to long term. Furthermore, the Company has also introduced Restricted Stock Compensation (RS) Plan to share the advantages and disadvantages of stock price fluctuations with our shareholders and to motivate contribution to stock price growth and corporate value enhancement.

Eligible Persons for Stock Options [Updated]

Internal directors, employees, directors of subsidiaries, and others

Supplementary Explanation [Updated]

Among the persons eligible for the above grants, directors (excluding directors serving on the Audit & Supervisory Committee) have been introduced with the aim of providing incentives to continuously enhance corporate value and to increase their motivation to contribute to higher stock prices and corporate value. The incentives have been introduced to directors serving on the Audit & Supervisory Committee with the aim of fostering shared interests with shareholders as well as to increase the Company's corporate value through the prevention of loss of corporate value, and ensuring proper supervisory function to judge the appropriateness of business execution from an objective standpoint.

[Remuneration for Directors]

Status of Disclosure (of Individual	The Company does not disclose individual remuneration
Directors' Remuneration)	The Company does not disclose individual femulieration

Supplementary Explanation

As there are no persons whose total remuneration is JPY100MM or more, the Company do not disclose individual remuneration. Remuneration for directors etc. are disclosed in aggregate amount by officers' classification.

Policy for Determining the Amount of	
Remuneration or the Calculation	Yes
Method [Updated]	

Disclosure of Policy for Determining the Remuneration Amount or the Calculation Method

As stated in I.1. Basic Policy, the Company's corporate vision is "Better Systems, Better World" and its goal is to redesign the structure and value chain of conventional industries with the help of the Internet. Since transformation requires a long period of time, the Company believes it is of the utmost importance to establish corporate governance that contributes to achieving long-term growth and corporate value enhancement.

Individual remuneration for the Company's directors is also determined based on the above concept. In addition, as a company in the process of growth, the Company will continue to pursue corporate governance that functions as a viable system according to the company stage with flexibility towards changes.

Details of the decision-making policy are as follows. (Basic Policy)

The remuneration of the Company's directors (excluding directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee; the same applies hereinafter) shall consist of fixed remuneration in cash and stock compensation, based on the basic policy that the remuneration system shall function effectively as a medium to long-term incentive to achieve continuous growth in corporate performance and sustainable enhancement of corporate value while promoting value sharing with shareholders, and that it shall be appropriate in proportion to the size of roles and responsibilities required of each Director, enabling us to secure and retain excellent personnel to realize such growth.

For Yo Nagami, who assumed the position of Representative Director, President & CEO in 2023, the ratio of stock-based compensation is set at the highest possible level in the expectation of strong leadership in achieving discontinuous growth to realize the Company's vision of "BETTER SYSTEMS, BETTER WORLD."

(Policies for Determining the Amount of Base Remuneration)

Fixed monetary compensation shall be determined in accordance with each director's responsibilities and contribution to corporate performance and the building of medium to long-term corporate value. For the executive directors, the focus will be on the decision-making and implementation aspects in achieving discontinuous growth to realize the Company's vision, while for the non-executive directors, the focus will be on the monitoring aspect (check and balance) to ensure diversified and sound risk-taking from an independent standpoint in order to realize the Company's vision. Fixed monetary compensation is paid at a fixed monthly amount.

(Policies for Decision-Making and Calculation Method of Contents, Amount or Number of Non-Monetary Compensation)

(1) Representative Director, President & CEO

For Representative Director, President & CEO, with the expectation of his strong leadership towards realizing discontinuous growth to achieve the Company's vision, as well as further promoting value sharing with shareholders, the Company shall grant the director Post-Delivery Restricted Stock Units (hereinafter referred to as "RSU"). As compensation for the execution of duties during the first 10 fiscal years of his term of office, shares will be vested and delivered for the portion of the grant (87,700 shares*) for the applicable fiscal year only if certain conditions are met each year.

The conditions under which the RSUs are to be delivered are that the director shall continuously hold office as Representative Director, President & CEO until the end of the relevant fiscal year and that he shall achieve the performance condition of consolidated gross profit growth for the subject fiscal year of more than 15% YoY. For any fiscal year in which such performance conditions are not met, the RSU will expire, and no shares will delivered unless the Board of Directors, by resolution, justifies such failure as growth that could be considered equivalent thereto.

*Approximately 0.15% (1.5% for 10 years) on the Company's 58,476,092 outstanding shares as of July 31, 2023

(2) Directors that are not Representative Director, President & CEO

For directors other than the Representative Director, President & CEO, restricted stock (RS) will be granted annually on an ongoing basis in order to provide them with an incentive to continuously increase the corporate value of the Company and to motivate them to contribute to the increase of stock price and the corporate value. In calculating the number of RS to be granted, in addition to the factors considered in the preceding paragraph, the Company's stock price level shall be taken into account, and the ratio of fixed monetary compensation to RS shall be approximately 2:1, assuming the monetary valuation based on the Company's stock price at the time of determination. In principle, RS for each fiscal year is considered and determined by the first meeting of the Board of Directors following the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, and the restriction period for transfer is generally 3 years.

(Method of Determining the Content of Individual Remuneration, etc. of Directors)
In order to strengthen fairness, transparency, and objectivity of procedures related to the compensation of directors and to enhance corporate governance, the Company has established a voluntary Renumeration Committee, the majority of which are independent outside directors. The details of individual director's renumeration are drafted after deliberation by the Renumeration Committee, and the Board of Directors adopts a resolution on such renumeration. For directors who

are members of the Audit & Supervisory Committee, their remuneration is determined through consultation with the Audit & Supervisory Committee.

(Other Important Matters)

For Yo Nagami, who assumed the position of Representative Director, President & CEO on August 1, 2023, (i) paid stock options with stock price and performance conditions set by the Renumeration Committee will be allotted and delivered at fair compensation, and (ii) he will be purchasing the Company's shares through market transactions or Over the Counter transactions with major shareholders in order for the Company to provide him with strong incentive towards creation of shareholder values. Regarding (ii), by having the Company's shares purchased through market transactions or relative transactions with major shareholders, the Company provides a strong incentive to create shareholder value. With respect to (ii), all or part of the purchase funds shall be loaned to the Representative Director, President & CEO upon resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company. Furthermore, paid-in stock options are also issued to directors (excluding the Representative Director, President & CEO). Since such stock options are subscribed by each director based on his/her own investment decision, they do not constitute compensation under the Companies Act, however, the Company believes that they are significant in establishing corporate governance to realize its vision.

[Support System for Outside Directors] [Updated]

The Company does not assign full-time staff to outside directors. However, the Corporate Division provides support as necessary, such as providing advance notice of the dates of meetings of the Board of Directors and matters to be resolved.

2. Matters Related to the Functions of Business Execution, Auditing and Supervision, Nomination, and Remuneration Decisions (Outline of the Current Corporate Governance System) [Updated]

The Company has 5 directors including 3 outside directors, and 3 directors serving on the Audit & Supervisory Committee, all of whom are non-executive outside directors. All of the Company's outside directors are designated as independent directors in accordance with the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The term of office for directors (excluding directors serving on the Audit & Supervisory Committee) is 1 year, and the term of office for directors serving on the Audit & Supervisory Committee is 2 years.

(a) Board of Directors

In principle, the Board of Directors meets once a month, and extraordinary meetings are held as necessary. In addition to the regular monthly meetings, the Board of Directors, as a management decision-making body, deliberates and decides on matters stipulated in laws and regulations or the Articles of Incorporation as well as other important matters related to management policies, and supervises the execution of duties by each director.

(b) Audit & Supervisory Committee

The Audit & Supervisory Committee meets once a month in principle, and extraordinary meetings are held as necessary. The Audit & Supervisory Committee exercises its supervisory function by deepening awareness of the current situation and the issues facing the Company through active discussions at meetings of the Board of Directors. The Audit & Supervisory Committee also exchanges opinions with the accounting auditor on a regular basis, and receives explanations from the accounting auditor regarding auditing policies and plans, as well as the results of audits on quarterly and full-year financial results. In addition, the Audit & Supervisory Committee exchanges opinions whenever concerns arise regarding individual audits. The Audit & Supervisory Committee also regularly exchanges information with the Internal Audit Division and exchanges opinions on the development and establishment of internal control systems and risk assessment. By sharing information with the accounting auditor and the Internal Audit Division, the Audit & Supervisory Committee enhances the effectiveness of its audits and makes recommendations for corrective actions as necessary.

(c) Nomination Committee (Voluntary Committee)

The Nomination Committee, as one of the voluntary committees, has been established with the purpose of ensuring objectivity and transparency regarding the nomination of directors, with the majority of its members being independent outside directors. The committee is mainly responsible for the appointment of directors and SVPs who are responsible for business execution. Proposals for the appointment of directors are reviewed by the Nomination Committee and then resolved by the Board of Directors.

(d) Renumeration Committee (Voluntary Committee)

The Remuneration Committee, as one of the voluntary committees, has been established with the purpose of ensuring objectivity and transparency regarding the renumeration of directors, with the majority of its members being independent outside directors. The committee is mainly responsible for designing the compensation structure for directors and SVPs who are responsible for business execution, and formulating appropriate compensation plans for each director and SVP according to their roles and responsibilities. Proposals for the renumeration of directors are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and then resolved by the Board of Directors along with the proposals for the appointment of directors.

(e) SVP Meeting etc.

The Company has established SVP Meeting as well as management meetings in each business unit as a body responsible for important decision-making in business execution. The SVP Meeting is composed of SVPs (Senior Vice Presidents) and makes resolutions on important matters related to business execution across the entire company. The meetings in each business unit were established as bodies responsible for important decision-making in business execution in each business unit and are composed of members appointed through deliberation and resolution by the SVP meeting.

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

In order to strengthen the supervisory function of the Board of Directors and further enhance corporate governance, the Company has transitioned to a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee based on the resolution of the 10th General Meeting of Shareholders held on October 17, 2019. In October 2022, the Company reviewed the composition of the Board of Directors and established an executive structure centered with SVPs (Senior Vice Presidents), who are responsible for business execution, to clarify the separation of management supervisory function and the business execution function and to ensure faster decision-making and management control.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Interested Parties

1. Efforts for Active General Shareholders Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights

	Supplementary Explanation
Early Dispatch of Shareholders Meeting Convocation Notices	The Company strives to send out convocation notices as soon as possible so that shareholders can have sufficient time to consider the proposals.
Scheduling Shareholders Meetings to Avoid Peak Periods	Since the fiscal year-end is July, the Company hold the annual general meetings in October every year, which allows shareholders to thoroughly review and reliably exercise their voting rights. In order to communicate with shareholders as much as possible, the Company is striving to secure a place that is physically accessible and easy to attend.
Voting by Electronic Means	The Company is able to exercise its voting rights via the Internet and other means.
Participation in Electronic Voting Platform and Other Efforts to Improve the Exercise of Voting Rights by Institutional Investors	The electronic voting platform was introduced at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders in the fiscal year ended July 2019.
Provision of Convocation Notices (Summaries) in English	Since the annual general meeting of shareholders for the year ending July 2019, the Company prepare the summarized convocation notices in English and post them on its website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/stock/).

2. Investor Relations Activities [Updated]

	Supplementary Explanation	Presentatio n by the CEO
Creation and Publication of disclosure policy	The Company discloses the information on a dedicated IR website. URL: https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/disclosure/	
Regular Briefings for Individual Investors	The Company regard this to be a matter to be considered in the future if necessary.	No
Periodic Presentation for Analysts and Institutional Investors	Every quarter, the Company holds briefings for analysts, institutional investors and financial institutions, and the CEO explains the Company's business performance and management policies.	Yes
Regular Briefings for Overseas Investors	Every quarter, the Company discloses briefing and Q&A contents at the financial briefings in English documents on a dedicated IR website. Furthermore, the Company holds individual meetings with overseas institutional investors in Europe, the Americas, and Asia etc. several times a year.	Yes
IR Information on Website	Financial results, timely disclosures, etc. are posted on the dedicated IR website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/)	
Creation of an IR Department	Inquiries can be made to the Company's IR team through the "Inquiry - IR" link on its website.	

3. Measures to Ensure Respect for Stakeholders [Updated]

	Supplementary Explanation
Internal Rules and Regulations that Promote Respect for the Status and Position of Stakeholders	Related information is available on the Company's website. (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/)
Environmental Preservation and CSR Activities	Information regarding the Company's sustainability and ESG initiatives is available on the Company's website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/) and its Integrated Report (https://corp.raksul.com/en/ir/library/integratedreport/)
Policy Formulation for the Disclosure of Information to Stakeholders	The Company's policy is to actively disclose information to stakeholders through its website (https://corp.raksul.com/en/esg/), financial results briefings, etc.

IV. Matters Related to Internal Control Systems, etc.

1. Basic Policy and Structures Regarding Internal Control Systems

The Company strives to strengthen its corporate governance system in order to ensure the appropriateness of management, increase transparency, and ensure thorough compliance in management. In addition, the Board of Directors has established the Basic Policy on Internal Control Systems.

- 1. System to ensure that the execution of duties by directors and employees complies with laws and regulations or the Articles of Incorporation
- (1) Compliance Regulations shall be established so that all directors and employees of the Company comply with laws, regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation and respect ethics.
- (2) The Company shall maintain a system that allows directors and employees to report violations of laws and regulations using our internal reporting desk for compliance and monitor the functioning of the compliance system.
- (3) The Board of Directors shall decide on the Basic Policy on the Internal Control System, including the system to comply with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, etc., and supervise the status of implementation thereof, and review the Basic Policy from time to time.
- (4) The Audit & Supervisory Committee shall investigate the status of business execution, including the establishment and implementation of an internal control system, and audit the execution of duties by directors from an independent standpoint.
- (5) The Internal Audit Division, which reports directly to the CEO, shall conduct internal audits of each division, including the effectiveness of the internal control system, based on the Internal Audit Regulations and the annual internal audit plan. The results of audits shall be regularly reported to the CEO and the status of internal audits shall also be reported to the Audit & Supervisory Committee.
- 2. System to maintain and manage information relating to directors in the execution of their duties The Company shall appropriately store and manage the minutes of general meetings of shareholders, minutes of meetings of the Board of Directors, and other statutory documents, as well as documents (including electronic records; the same shall apply hereinafter) containing information pertaining to the execution of important duties, together with related materials, in accordance with the Document Control Regulations and other internal regulations. Directors may inspect these documents at any time as necessary to supervise and audit the execution of the duties of directors.
- 3. System and regulations for managing risks of losses
- (1) The Company shall establish Risk Management Regulations that systematically define its risk management and establish and operate a risk management system based on these rules.
- (2) The department in charge of risk management operations shall regularly report the status of risk management to the Board of Directors for comprehensive management.
- (3) In the event of a large-scale accident, disaster, scandal, etc., take prompt action as well as adopt a crisis response system headed by the CEO to prevent damage and the spread of such damage.
- 4. System to ensure the appropriateness of business operations in the Company's corporate group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Group")
- (1) Subsidiary management and reporting system
- The Company established Regulations on Management of Affiliated Companies and provides

management support so that subsidiaries can efficiently achieve their management objectives. Regarding important management matters of subsidiaries, the Company shall decide matters that require prior approval and/or reporting to the Company in principle, taking into account the nature and scale of the operations of its subsidiaries.

- (2) Rules and other systems for managing the risks of losses of subsidiaries
- The Company manages the risks of the Group for each risk category, taking into account the nature and scale of the operations of its subsidiaries. In addition, the effectiveness of the management system will be reviewed periodically.
- (3) System to ensure efficient execution of duties by directors etc. of subsidiaries When the Company has a consolidated subsidiary, the Company formulates a management plan on a consolidated basis, provide management guidance to the subsidiary in order to achieve the management plan, and provide support from the Company such as group financing and other functions
- (4) System to ensure that the execution of duties by directors etc. and employees of subsidiaries complies with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation

The Company established Compliance Regulations with respect to the establishment of a compliance system and conducts regular monitoring and reviews of the status of implementation of such matters. The Company also conducts education and training at subsidiaries as necessary to ensure thorough group-wide compliance. The business activities of subsidiaries shall also be subject to internal audits by the Internal Audit Division if necessary.

- 5. System for ensuring efficient execution of directors' duties
- (1) In order to ensure the efficient execution of duties by directors, the Board of Directors shall hold regular monthly meetings and extraordinary meetings as necessary to make prompt and appropriate decisions. In addition, in executing duties based on the decisions made by the Board of Directors, the directors shall execute their duties efficiently.
- (2) In addition to the Board of Directors, the SVP Meeting shall be held as needed to ensure the efficient execution of duties by Directors, and management policies and business strategies shall be determined within the threshold amount stipulated in the Delegation of Authorities.
- 6. Matters in cases where the Audit & Supervisory Committee requests the appointment of employees who are to assist in the performance of their duties, matters concerning the independence of such employees from directors other than the Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, and matters ensuring the effectiveness of instructions given to such employees

In cases where the Audit & Supervisory Committee requires that an employee assist the Audit & Supervisory Committee in its duties, the Board of Directors, in consultation with the Audit & Supervisory Committee, appoints an employee to assist the Audit & Supervisory Committee (no directors will assist the Audit & Supervisory Committee). The appointment, transfer, evaluation, and command of employees shall be subject to the prior consent of the Audit & Supervisory Committee and shall ensure the independence and effectiveness of instructions from directors other than the Audit & Supervisory Committee members.

- 7. System to report to the Audit & Supervisory Committee and a system to ensure that directors, employees, etc. (including persons belonging to the Company's Group) do not receive disadvantageous treatment by reason of reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Committee
- (1) Directors and employees shall report to the Audit & Supervisory Committee Members without delay on the contents of important matters that may affect business or business performance, as well as the status and results of business execution. In addition, the Audit Committee may, where necessary, request reports from directors and employees from time to time.
- (2) The internal reporting system shall be established, and it shall be clearly stipulated in the Internal Reporting Regulations that the employee shall not be subject to any disadvantageous treatment as a result of the report, and such regulations shall be thoroughly disseminated.
- 8. Other systems to ensure the effective implementation of audits by the Audit & Supervisory Committee
- (1) The Audit & Supervisory Committee meets regularly with the CEO to exchange opinions on management policies, issues to be addressed by the Company, risks surrounding the Company, the status of the improvement of the audit environment, and other important audit issues.
- (2) The Audit & Supervisory Committee regularly exchanges opinions to ascertain the status of audits of the entire company and examine issues.
- (3) The Internal Audit Division shall maintain close cooperation with the Audit & Supervisory Committee, including the exchange of information with the Audit & Supervisory Committee.

(4) The Audit & Supervisory Committee shall ensure the budget for implementing the audit plan. In the event where the Audit & Supervisory Committee makes a request for advance payment of expenses etc. pursuant to Paragraph 4 of Article 399-2 of the Companies Act with respect to the execution of its duties, such expenses shall be promptly paid unless it is deemed that the expenses pertaining to such request are not necessary for the execution of the duties by the Audit & Supervisory Committee Member.

9. System to ensure the reliability of financial reporting

The CEO shall establish an effective and appropriate internal control system based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act in order to ensure the reliability of financial reporting. The CEO shall also continuously evaluate the status of maintenance and operation, implement necessary corrective measures, and establish an effective system.

- 10. System to eliminate anti-social forces
- (1) The Company shall set forth in its policy on the conduct of activities that the Company will resolutely confront anti-social forces and organizations that threaten the order and safety of civil society from social responsibility and corporate defense perspectives.
- (2) In the event of unfair demands from antisocial forces, the Company will adopt a firm stance in cooperation with the police and other external professional organizations.

2. Basic Policy and Systems to Eliminate Anti-Social Forces

The Company's policy is to exclude any relationships with antisocial forces and organizations that threaten the order and safety of civil society and to respond firmly to unfair demands, etc. In order to conduct fair and sound management and business activities, the Company has stipulated in the Regulations Concerning the Elimination of Antisocial Forces that the Company will prevent any involvement and the provision of interests to antisocial forces. In addition, the Company has established a department to respond to unreasonable requests in an organized manner and cooperates with the police, lawyers, and other external professional organizations.

V. Others

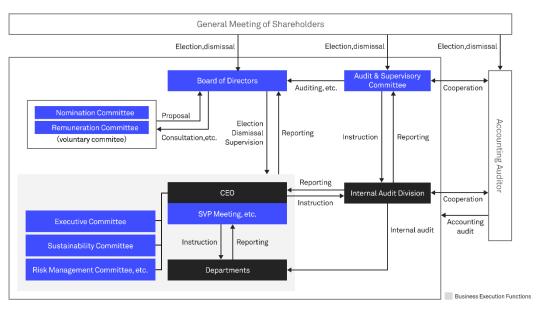
1. Implementation of Anti-Takeover Measures

Implementation of Anti-Takeover Measures	None
Supplementary Explanation	
-	

2. Other Corporate Governance Related Matters

Flow diagrams of the Company's corporate governance system and timely disclosure procedures are attached as reference materials.

[corporate governance system]



[timely disclosure procedures]

